Discou	Cita Lagation	Ta	Nituoson	Dhaanhama	Tamaratuma	Dissolved	Doctorio
River	Site Location	Town	Nitrogen	Phosphorus	Temperature	Oxygen	Bacteria
Matfield River	High Street	Bridgewater					
Town River	Haywood St.	Bridgewater					
Cotley River	Middleboro Ave.	Taunton					
Furnace Brook	River St.	Taunton					
Tomson Brook	Highstone St.	Taunton					
Forge River	Route 44	Raynham					
Mill River	Whittendon St.	Taunton					
Mill River	Washington St.	Taunton					
Mill River	Ingell Street	Taunton					
Taunton River	Cherry Street	Bridgewater					
Taunton River	Route 18	Bridgewater					
Taunton River	Plain Street	Taunton					
Taunton River	Center Street	Berkley					
Three Mile River	Crane Street	Norton					
Three Mile River	Cohannet St.	Taunton					
Three Mile River	Somerset Ave.	Dighton					
Segregansett River	Brook St.	Dighton					
Chuckamucksett Brook	Berkley St.	Berkley					
Assonet River	Rt. 79 Bridge	Assonet					

Indicator	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor
Nitrate as N	<.25 mg/l	.2534	.3445	>.45
Total P	<.025 mg/l	.025-<.05	.051	>.1
Temperature	<24° C	24°-<27°C	27°-28°C	>28°C
Dissolved Oxygen	≥6 mg/l	>5-6 mg/l	4-5 mg/l	<4 mg/l
Bacteria (fecal)			>400 colonies/100ml	

Nitrate - annual average May through October

Total Phosphorus - annual average May through October **Temperature** - determined by the highest temperature record during the season

Dissolved oxygen - determined by the lowest oxygen record during the season

Bacteria - determined by the number of exceedances.

One exceedance = fair, two or more exceedances = poor

Taunton River Watershed Alliance – 2016 Water Quality Report Card

The Taunton River watershed covers 562 square miles and represents about 30% of the Narragansett Bay watershed. The Taunton River Watershed Association monitors 19 sites along the Taunton River and its tributaries. Parameters measured include nitrate, total phosphorus, fecal coliform bacteria, total suspended solids, dissolved oxygen, pH, and temperature. A major concern for the watershed is nutrient pollution from nitrogen. Nitrogen levels in the mainstem of the Taunton River are often 2-5 times the recommended background level. Currently about 66% of the nitrogen load comes from wastewater treatment plants and 34% from non-point sources including excessive fertilizing, careless fertilizer application to sidewalks, roads and driveways, poor manure management, pet waste, and stream bank erosion.

Nitrate - 2016 monitoring results show that nitrogen problems persist within the Taunton River mainstem and tributaries. The Taunton River is formed by the confluence of the Matfield and Town Rivers in Bridgewater. During 2016, the levels of nitrate in the Town River below the Bridgewater wastewater treatment plant averaged 10 times higher than the recommended background level. Levels in the Matfield River were more than three times higher. Lower down in the watershed, the Three Mile River below the Mansfield wastewater treatment plant and John F. Parker Municipal Golf Course had nitrate levels that were also about 10 times higher than recommended. This results in high nitrate levels in the mainstem Taunton River averaging over 2 ½ times higher than recommended levels below the Taunton wastewater treatment plant making the Taunton a major source of nitrogen to Narragansett Bay.

Nitrogen is a concern for estuarine waters of Mount Hope Bay and Narragansett Bay because it causes algae blooms and contributes to low oxygen levels in the water. The low oxygen levels and high algae concentrations have caused the loss of eelgrass and healthy fish habitat in the Bay.

Phosphorus - Phosphorus levels in the Taunton River tributaries were generally in the fair to good range during 2016, with the exception of the Three Mile River where levels are often higher. Phosphorus is a limiting nutrient in fresh water, and is a concern in lakes, ponds and shallow rivers. Photographic evidence shows that heavy algae growth in the upper tributaries indicates high nutrient levels. Measured levels may be depressed by this heavy algae growth which uses up the nutrients.

Temperature and Dissolved Oxygen - Temperatures in the watershed are generally at acceptable levels for warm water fisheries. Low dissolved oxygen is sometimes recorded when algae growth is high and there is heavy decay.

Fecal Coliform - The summer of 2016 was a drought year and there was very little dilution of wastewater and stormwater flow. As a result, several instances of excessive bacteria were observed within the City of Taunton on the Mill River and in the southern part of the watershed that relies heavily on septic systems. Issues on the Mill River are ongoing and are also related to the City of Taunton's outdated separate sewer system which sometimes has Separate Sewer System Overflows (SSOs) at combined manholes or from leaking pipes under the Mill River. The city has been doing repair and replacement work in this area to address the problem the last few years.